

Carex dioica L.**Dioecious Sedge****1860-2010****National Status: Not Scarce, Native****S Hants: Not Recorded**

Native

N Hants: Rare

Native

Requires very short vegetation in calcareous fens, sadly now a very rare habitat. It was recorded at 'Mapledurwell Common' in 1860, though that might have been at a different spot from the present nature reserve at Mapledurwell Fen. At 'Bransbury' it was recorded 'in abundance' in 1863. Tetrad level records at Conford date back to 1937.

Bransbury Common		SU4141, SU4242	1978-2010		
Bransbury Common	SU415417		16-May-04	HFG	10-20 spikes at SU4158 4170.
Bransbury Common	SU416417		09-May-10	ARGM & HFG	Single male spike at SU4160 4173 and single female spike at SU4160 4174.
Bransbury Common (central)	SU416418		20-Jun-03	ILR	HBIC record. [Presumably a site centre grid ref – ARGM]
Bransbury Common	SU4242		19-Jul-88	PB, FR & EAP	In fen.
Mapledurwell Fen		SU6752	1971-2009		
Mapledurwell Nature Reserve	SU6752		25-May-98	FR	
Mapledurwell Fen	SU677523		Jun-09	ILR	Photos of a female plant det. MR.
Conford Moor		SU8133, SU8232	1955- ? 2000		
Conford Moor – West	SU8133		26-Jun-00	FR	[From FR's notebooks, possibly genuine, but suspected to be a transcription error. ARGM searched the only tiny remnant of short vegetation at SU818332½ on 2/8/98 (which had <i>Valeriana dioica</i>) – ARGM]
Conford Moor – East	SU823328		1957	FR	'On south side of River Hollywater, present until c.1957 when site drained.' Communicated to ARGM in a letter from FR dated 16/8/98.